

रजिस्ट्री सं० डी० एल०-33004/99

REGD. NO. D. L.-33004/99


भारत का राजपत्र
The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग III—खण्ड 4

PART III—Section 4

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 246]
No. 246]नई दिल्ली, मंगलवार, जुलाई 14, 2015/आषाढ़ 23, 1937
NEW DELHI, TUESDAY, JULY 14, 2015/ASHADHA 23, 1937

CENTRAL COUNCIL OF HOMOEOPATHY

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 13th July, 2015

F. No.12-13/2006-CCH (Pt. V).—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (i), (j) and (k) of section 33 and sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Homoeopathy Central Council Act, 1973 (59 of 1973), the Central Council of Homoeopathy, with the previous sanction of the Central Government, hereby makes the following regulations further to amend the Homoeopathy (Degree Course) Regulations, 1983, namely:—

1. Short title and commencement.— (1) These regulations may be called the Homoeopathy (Degree Course) Amendment Regulations, 2015.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
2. Application.— These regulations shall apply to students who shall be admitted for B.H.M.S (Degree Course) from the commencement of the academic session (2015-2016).
3. In the Homoeopathy (Degree Course) Regulations, 1983 (hereinafter referred to as the principal regulations), in regulation 2,-
 - (a) after clause (i), the following clause shall be inserted, namely: —
'(ia) "clinical work" means case taking and treatment of patients in the hospital;'
 - (b) after clause (ii), the following clause shall be inserted, namely: —
'(iia) "demonstration" means an educational activity conducted to explain by way of experimentation to show practically or clinically, the process of explaining whatever taught in the class;'
 - (c) after clause (vi), the following clause shall be inserted, namely: —
'(via) "local body" means the development authority, municipal committee, municipal corporation and panchayat;'
 - (d) after clause (vii), the following clause shall be inserted, namely: —
'(viiia) "seminar" means a session or sessions of discussion on a particular topic or topics related to the course involving interaction amongst the teaching faculty and the students;'
 - (e) after clause (x), the following clause shall be inserted, namely: —
'(xa) "tutorial" means a regular meeting in which a teacher and a small group of students discuss a topic as a part of the course;'
4. In the principal regulations, in regulation 3, after clause (iii), the following clause shall be inserted, namely: —
'(iv) Every candidate shall complete the course including the passing of examination in all subjects and complete the compulsory internship training within a period of eleven years from the date of admission in First B.H.M.S Degree Course in the college concerned, failing which his name shall be removed from the rolls of the college.'

5. In the principal regulations, for regulation 4, the following regulation shall be substituted, namely: —

“4. Eligibility criteria.- (i) No candidate shall be admitted to B.H.M.S Degree Course unless he has passed —

(a) the higher secondary examination or the Indian School Certificate Examination which is equivalent to 10+2 Higher Secondary Examination after a period of twelve years' study, the last two years of study comprising of Physics, Chemistry, Biology with Mathematics or any other elective subjects with English at a level not less than core course of English as prescribed by the National Council of Educational Research and Training after the introduction of the 10+2+3 years educational structure as recommended by the National Committee on Education;

or

(b) the intermediate examination in science of an Indian University or Board or other recognised examining body with Physics, Chemistry and Biology which shall include a practical test in these subjects and also English as a compulsory subject;

or

(c) the pre-professional or pre-medical examination with Physics, Chemistry and Biology, after passing either the higher secondary school examination, or the pre-university or an equivalent Examination, which shall include a practical test in Physics, Chemistry and Biology and also English as a compulsory subject;

or

(d) the first year of the three years' degree course of a recognised University, with Physics, Chemistry and Biology including a practical test in these subjects provided the examination is a University Examination and candidate has passed 10+2 with English at a level not less than a core course;

or

(e) any other examination which, in scope and standard is found to be equivalent to the intermediate science examination of an Indian University or Board, taking Physics, Chemistry and Biology including practical test in each of these subjects and English as a compulsory subject;

(ii) No candidate shall be admitted to B.H.M.S Degree Course unless he has attained the age of 17 years' on or before 31st December of the year of his admission to the first year of the course.

(iii) No candidate shall be admitted to B.H.M.S Degree Course if he is blind (including colour blindness), deaf, dumb, deaf and dumb.”.

6. In the principal regulations, after regulation 4, the following regulation shall be inserted, namely:-

“4A. Criteria for selection of students.- (i) The selection of students to the college shall be based solely on merit of the candidate and for determination of merit, the following criteria be adopted uniformly throughout the country, namely:-

(a) In States, having only one Medical College and one University or examining body conducting the competitive examination, marks obtained at such qualifying examination shall be taken into consideration.

(b) In states, having more than one University or examining body conducting the competitive examination or where there is more than one medical college under the administrative control of one authority, a competitive examination shall be held so as to achieve a uniform evaluation.

(c) Where there are more than one college in a State and only one University or examining Board conducting the competitive examination, then a joint selection board consisting of the Principals of all the colleges and a representative from the faculty of University or examining Body, as the case may be, shall be constituted by the State Government for all colleges to achieve a uniform method of competitive examination.

(d) The Central Government itself or any other agency notified by it shall conduct a competitive examination in the case of institutions of an all India character.

(ii) A candidate shall be eligible for the competitive examination if he has passed any of the qualifying examinations specified under regulation 4:

Provided that a candidate who has appeared in the qualifying examination the result of which has not been declared, he may be provisionally permitted to take up the competitive examination and in case of selection for admission to the B.H.M.S Degree Course, he shall not be admitted to that course until he fulfils the eligibility criteria under regulation 4.”.

7. In the principal regulations, for regulation 5, the following regulation shall be substituted, namely: —

“5. Subjects.—Subjects for study and examination for the B.H.M.S (Degree) Course shall be as under, namely: —

Sl.No	Name of the Subject	Subject taught during	Holding of examination
1.	Anatomy	First B.H.M.S.	At the end of First B.H.M.S.
2.	Physiology	First B.H.M.S.	At the end of First B.H.M.S.
3.	Organon of Medicine with Homoeopathic Philosophy	First B.H.M.S, Second B.H.M.S, Third B.H.M.S and Fourth B.H.M.S.	At the end of Second, Third and Fourth B.H.M.S.
4.	Homoeopathic Pharmacy	First B.H.M.S.	At the end of First B.H.M.S.
5.	Homoeopathic Materia Medica	First B.H.M.S, Second B.H.M.S, Third B.H.M.S and Fourth B.H.M.S.	At the end of Second, Third and Fourth B.H.M.S.
6.	Pathology	Second B.H.M.S.	At the end of Second B.H.M.S.
7.	Forensic Medicine and Toxicology	Second B.H.M.S.	At the end of Second B.H.M.S.
8.	Practice of Medicine	Third B.H.M.S and Fourth B.H.M.S.	At the end of Fourth B.H.M.S.
9.	Surgery	Second B.H.M.S. and Third B.H.M.S.	At the end of Third B.H.M.S.
10.	Gynecology and Obstetrics	Second B.H.M.S. and Third B.H.M.S.	At the end of Third B.H.M.S.
11.	Community Medicine	Third B.H.M.S and Fourth B.H.M.S.	At the end of Fourth B.H.M.S.
12.	Repertory	Third B.H.M.S and Fourth B.H.M.S.	At the end of Fourth B.H.M.S.”.

8. In the principal regulations, for regulation 6, the following regulation shall be substituted, namely:—

“6. Syllabus for degree course. – The following shall be the syllabus for B.H.M.S (Degree) Course.

ORGANON OF MEDICINE WITH HOMOEOPATHIC PHILOSOPHY

Instructions:

I (a) Organon of Medicine with Homoeopathic Philosophy is a vital subject which builds up the conceptual base of the physician;

(b) It illustrates those principles which when applied in practice enable the physician to achieve results, which he can explain logically and rationally in medical practice with greater competence;

(c) Focus of the education and training should be to build up the conceptual base of Homoeopathic Philosophy for use in medical practice.

II Homoeopathy should be taught as a complete system of medicine with logical rationality of its holistic, individualistic and dynamistic approach to life, health, disease, remedy and cure and in order to achieve this, integration in the study of logic, psychology and the fundamentals of Homoeopathy becomes necessary.

III (a) It is imperative to have clear grasp of inductive and deductive logic, and its application and understanding of the fundamentals of Homoeopathy;

(b) Homoeopathic approach in therapeutics is a holistic approach and it demands a comprehension of patient as a person, disposition, state of his mind and body, along with the study of the disease process and its causes;

(c) Since Homoeopathy lays great emphasis on knowing the mind, preliminary and basic knowledge of the psychology becomes imperative for a homoeopathic physician and introduction to psychology will assist the student in building up his conceptual base in this direction.

IV The department of organon of medicine shall co-ordinate with other departments where students are sent for the pre-clinical and clinical trainin and this will not only facilitate integration with other related departments, but also enhance the confidence of the students when they will be attending specialty clinics.

A. Theory:

1. Introductory lectures

- 1.1. Evolution of medical practice of the ancients (Prehistoric Medicine, Greek Medicine, Chinese medicine, Hindu medicine and Renaissance) and tracing the empirical, rationalistic and vitalistic thoughts.
- 1.2. Short history of Hahnemann's life, his contributions, and discovery of Homoeopathy, situation leading to discovery of Homoeopathy
- 1.3. Brief life history and contributions of early pioneers of homoeopathy like C.V. Boenninghausen, J.T. Kent,

C. Hering, Rajendra Lal Dutta, M.L. Sircar

- 1.4. History and Development of Homoeopathy in India, U.S.A. and European countries
- 1.5. Fundamental Principles of Homoeopathy.
- 1.6. Basic concept of:
 - 1.6.1. Health: Hahnemann's concept and modern concept.
 - 1.6.2. Disease: Hahnemann's concept and modern concept.
 - 1.6.3. Cure.
- 1.7. Different editions and constructions of Hahnemann's Organon of Medicine.

2. Logic

To understand organon of medicine and homoeopathic philosophy, it is essential to be acquainted with the basics of LOGIC to grasp inductive and deductive reasonings.

Preliminary lectures on inductive and deductive logic (with reference to philosophy book of Stuart Close Chapter 3 and 16).

3. Psychology

- 3.1 Basics of Psychology.
- 3.2. Study of behavior and intelligence.
- 3.3. Basic concepts of Sensations.
- 3.4. Emotion, Motivation, Personality, Anxiety, Conflict, Frustration, Depression, Fear, Psychosomatic Manifestations
- 3.5. Dreams.

4. Aphorisms 1 to 28 of organon of medicine

5. Homoeopathic Prophylaxis

B. Examination: There shall be no examination in the subject in First B.H.M.S.

SECOND B.H.M.S.

A. Theory:

1. Aphorisms 29-104 including foot notes of Organon of Medicine (5th & 6th Editions translated by R.E. Dudgeon and W. Boericke).

2. Homoeopathic philosophy:

2.1. Chapters of Philosophy books of J.T. Kent (Chapters 1 to 17, 23 to 27, 31 to 33), Stuart Close (Chapters- 8, 9, 11, 12) and H.A. Roberts (Chapters 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 17, 18, 19, 20), related to Aphorisms 29-104 of Organon of Medicine

2.2. Symptomatology:

Details regarding Symptomatology are to be comprehended by referring to the relevant aphorisms of organon of medicine and chapters of the books on homoeopathic philosophy.

2.3 Causations:

Thorough comprehension of the evolution of disease, taking into account pre-disposing, fundamental, exciting and maintaining causes.

2.4 Case taking:

The purpose of homoeopathic case taking is not merely collection of the disease symptoms from the patient, but comprehending the patient as a whole with the correct appreciation of the factors responsible for the genesis and maintenance of illness. Hahnemann's concept and method of case taking, as stated in his Organon of Medicine is to be stressed upon.

2.5. Case processing: This includes,

- (i) Analysis of Symptoms,
- (ii) Evaluation of Symptoms,
- (iii) Miasmatic diagnosis,
- (iv) Totality of symptoms

B. Practical or clinical:

1. Clinical posting of students shall be started from Second B.H.M.S onwards.
2. Each student shall maintain case records of at least ten acute cases

C. Examination:

1. Theory

1.1. No. of papers -01

1.2. Marks: 100

1.3 Distribution of marks:

1.3.1. Logic – 15 marks

1.3.2. Psychology – 15 marks

1.3.3. Fundamentals of homoeopathy and aphorisms 1 to 104 – 50 marks

1.3.4. Homoeopathic philosophy – 20 marks

2. Practical including viva voce or oral:

2.1. Marks: 100

2.2. Distribution of marks:

2.2.1. Case taking and Case processing

40

2.2.2. Maintenance of practical record or journal

Marks

10

2.2.4. Viva voce (oral)

50

Total

100

THIRD B.H.M.S.

A. Theory:

In addition to revision of Aphorisms studied in First B.H.M.S and Second B.H.M.S, the following shall be covered, namely:—

1. Hahnemann's Prefaces and Introduction to Organon of Medicine.
2. Aphorisms 105 to 294 of Hahnemann's Organon of Medicine, including foot notes (5th and 6th Editions translated by R.E. Dudgeon and W. Boericke)
3. Chapters of Philosophy books of J.T. Kent (Chapters- 28, 29, 30, 34 to 37), Stuart Close (Chapters- 7, 10, 13, 14, 15) & H.A. Roberts (Chapters- 7, 10, 12 to 19, 21, 34) related to 105-294 Aphorisms of Organon of Medicine.

B. Practical or clinical:

Each student appearing for Third B.H.M.S examination shall maintain records of 20 cases (10 acute and 10 chronic cases).

C. Examination:

1. Theory:

Number of papers - 01

Marks: 100

Distribution of Marks:

Aphorisms 1 to 294 : 60 marks

Homoeopathic philosophy: 40 marks

2. Practical including viva voce or oral:

Marks: 100

Distribution of marks;	<u>Marks</u>
Case taking and case processing	40
Maintenance of practical record or journal	10
Viva voce (oral)	50
Total	<u>100</u>

FOURTH B.H.M.S.

A. Theory:

In addition to the syllabus of First B.H.M.S, Second B.H.M.S and Third B.H.M.S, the following shall be covered, namely:—

1. Evolution of medical practice of the ancients (Prehistoric Medicine, Greek Medicine, Chinese medicine, Hindu medicine and Renaissance) and tracing the empirical, rationalistic and vitalistic thoughts.
2. Revision of Hahnemann's Organon of Medicine (Aphorisms 1-294) including footnotes (5th & 6th Editions translated by R.E. Dudgeon and W. Boericke).
3. Homoeopathic Philosophy:
Philosophy books of Stuart Close (Chapters- 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 17), J.T. Kent (Chapters - 18 to 22) and H.A. Roberts (Chapters- 1 to 5, 20, 22 to 33, 35), Richard Hughes (Chapters- 1 to 10) and C. Dunham (Chapters- 1 to 7).
4. Chronic Diseases:
Hahnemann's Theory of Chronic Diseases.
J.H. Allen's The Chronic Miasms – Psora and Pseudo-psora; Sycosis
 - (a) Emphasis should be given on the way in which each miasmatic state evolves and the characteristic expressions are manifested at various levels and attempt should be made to impart a clear understanding of Hahnemann's theory of chronic miasms.
 - (b) The characteristics of the miasms need to be explained in the light of knowledge acquired from different branches of medicine.
 - (c) Teacher should explain clearly therapeutic implications of theory of chronic miasms in practice and this will entail a comprehension of evolution of natural disease from miasmatic angle, and it shall be correlated with applied materia medica.

B. Practical or clinical:

- (a) The students shall maintain practical records of patients treated in the out patient department and inpatient department of the attached hospital.
- (b) The following shall be stressed upon in the case records, namely:—
 - (1) receiving the case properly (case taking) without distortion of the of patient's expressions;
 - (2) nosological diagnosis;
 - (3) analysis and evaluation of the symptoms, miasmatic diagnosis and portraying the totality of symptoms;
 - (4) individualisation of the case for determination of the similimum, prognosis, general management including diet and necessary restrictions on mode of life of the individual patients;
 - (5) state of susceptibility to formulate comprehensive plan of treatment;.
 - (6) order of evaluation of the characteristic features of the case would become stepping stone for the repertorial totality;
 - (7) remedy selection and posology;
 - (8) second prescription.

Note: (1) Each student has to maintain records of twenty thoroughly worked out cases (ten chronic and ten acute cases).

(2) Each student shall present at least one case in the departmental symposium or seminar.

C. Examination:

1. Theory:

Number of papers - 02

Marks: Paper I: 100, Paper II: 100

Distribution of marks:

Paper I: Aphorisms 1-145:- 30 marks

Aphorisms 146-294:- 70 marks

Paper II: Chronic diseases – 50 marks

Homoeopathic philosophy – 50 marks

2. Practical including viva voce or oral:

Marks: 100

Distribution of marks;

	<u>Marks</u>
Case taking and case processing of a long case	30
Case taking and case processing of a short case	10
Maintenance of practical record or journal	10
Viva Voce (oral)	50
Total	<u>100</u>

HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Instructions:

Instruction in Homoeopathic Pharmacy shall be so planned as to present ,–

- (1) importance of homoeopathic pharmacy in relation to study of homoeopathic materia medica, organon of medicine and national economy as well as growth of homoeopathic pharmacy and research;
- (2) originality and speciality of homoeopathic pharmacy and its relation to pharmacy of other recognised systems of medicine;
- (3) the areas of teaching shall encompass the entire subject but stress shall be laid on the fundamental topics that form the basis of homoeopathy.

A. Theory:

I. General concepts and orientation:

1. History of pharmacy with emphasis on emergence of Homoeopathic Pharmacy.
2. Official Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia (Germany, Britain, U.S.A., India).
3. Important terminologies like scientific names, common names, synonyms.
4. Definitions in homoeopathic pharmacy.
5. Components of Pharmacy.
6. Weights and measurements.
7. Nomenclature of homoeopathic drugs with their anomalies.

II. Raw Material: drugs and vehicles

1. Sources of drugs (taxonomic classification, with reference to utility).
2. Collection of drug substances.
3. Vehicles.
4. Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Instruments and appliances.

III. Homoeopathic Pharmaceutics:

1. Mother tincture and its preparation – old and new methods.
2. Various scales used in homoeopathic pharmacy.
3. Drug dynamisation or potentisation.
4. External applications (focus on scope of Homoeopathic lotion, glycerol, liniment and ointment).
5. Doctrine of signature.
6. Posology (focus on basic principles; related aphorisms of organon of medicine).
7. Prescription (including abbreviations).
8. Concept of placebo.
9. Pharmaconomy – routes of homoeopathic drug administration.
10. Dispensing of medicines.
11. Basics of adverse drug reactions and pharmaco-vigilance.

IV. Pharmacodynamics:

1. Homoeopathic Pharmacodynamics
2. Drug Proving (related aphorisms 105 – 145 of organon of medicine) and merits and de-merits of Drug Proving on Humans and Animals.
3. Pharmacological study of drugs listed in Appendix -A

V. Quality Control:

1. Standardisation of homoeopathic medicines, raw materials and finished products.
2. Good manufacturing practices; industrial pharmacy.
3. Homoeopathic pharmacopoeia laboratory – functions and activities, relating to quality control of drugs.

VI. Legislations pertaining to pharmacy:

1. The Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940) {in relation to Homoeopathy};
2. Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1945 {in relation to Homoeopathy};
3. Poisons Act, 1919 (12 of 1919);
4. The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985);
5. Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act, 1954 (21 of 1954);
6. Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955).

B. Practical:

Experiments

1. Estimation of size of globules.
2. Medication of globules and preparation of doses with sugar of milk and distilled water.
3. Purity test of sugar of milk, distilled water and ethyl alcohol.
4. Determination of specific gravity of distilled water and ethyl alcohol.
5. Preparation of dispensing alcohol and dilute alcohol from strong alcohol.
6. Trituration of one drug each in decimal and centesimal scale.
7. Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture to 6X potency.
8. Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture to 3C potency.
9. Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Decimal scale 6X to 8X potency.
10. Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Centesimal scale 3C to 4C potency.
11. Preparation of 0/1 potency (LM scale) of 1 Drug.
12. Preparation of external applications – lotion, glycerol, liniment, ointment.
13. Laboratory methods – sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallisation.
14. Writing of prescription.
15. Dispensing of medicines.
16. Process of taking minims.
17. Identification of drugs (listed in Appendix B)-
 - (i) Macroscopic and Microscopic characteristic of drug substances- minimum 05 drugs;
 - (ii) Microscopic study of trituration of two drugs (up to 3X potency).
18. Estimation of moisture content using water bath.
19. Preparation of mother tincture – maceration and percolation.
20. Collection of 30 drugs for herbarium.
21. Visit to homoeopathic pharmacopoeia laboratory and visit to a large scale manufacturing unit of homoeopathic medicines (GMP compliant). (Students shall keep detailed visit reports as per proforma at Annexure- 'B').

C. Demonstration

1. General instructions for practical or clinical in pharmacy.
2. Identification and use of homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances and their cleaning.
3. Estimation of moisture content using water bath.
4. Preparation of mother tincture – maceration and percolation.

APPENDIX-A

List of drugs included in the syllabus of pharmacy for study of pharmacological action:-

1. Aconitum napellus
2. Adonis vernalis
3. Allium cepa
4. Argentum nitricum
5. Arsenicum album
6. Atropa Belladonna

7. *Cactus grandiflorus*
8. *Cantharis vesicatoria*
9. *Cannabis indica*
10. *Cannabis sativa*
11. *Cinchona officinalis*
12. *Coffea cruda*
13. *Crataegus oxyacantha*
14. *Crotalus horridus*
15. *Gelsemium sempervirens*
16. *Glonoinum*
17. *Hydrastis canadensis*
18. *Hyoscyamus niger*
19. *Kali bichromicum*
20. *Lachesis*
21. *Lithium carbonicum*
22. *Mercurius corrosivus*
23. *Naja tripudians*
24. *Nitricum acidum*
25. *Nux vomica*
26. *Passiflora incarnata*
27. *Stannum metallicum*
28. *Stramonium*
29. *Symphytum officinale*
30. *Tabacum*

List of drugs for identification

I. Vegetable Kinngdom

1. *Aegle folia*
2. *Anacardium orientale*
3. *Andrographis paniculata*
4. *Calendula officinalis*
5. *Cassia sophera*
6. *Cinchona officinalis*
7. *Cocculus indicus*
8. *Coffea cruda*
9. *Colocynthis*
10. *Crocus sativa*
11. *Croton tiglium*
12. *Cynodon dactylon*
13. *Ficus religiosa*
14. *Holarrhena antidysenterica*
15. *Hydrocotyle asiatica*
16. *Justicia adhatoda*

APPENDIX-B

17. Lobelia inflata
18. Nux vomica
19. Ocimum sanctum
20. Opium
21. Rauwolfia serpentina
22. Rheum
23. Saraca indica
24. Senna
25. Stramonium
26. Vinca minor

II. Chemicals or Minerals

1. Aceticum acidum
2. Alumina
3. Argentum metallicum
4. Argentum nitricum
5. Arsenicum album
6. Calcarea carbonica
7. Carbo vegetabilis
8. Graphites
9. Magnesium phosphorica
10. Natrum muriaticum
11. Sulphur

III. Animal kingdom

1. Apis mellifica
2. Blatta orientalis
3. Formica rufa
4. Sepia
5. Tarentula cubensis

Note: 1. Each student shall maintain practical or clinical record or journal and herbarium file separately.

2. College authority shall facilitate the students in maintaining record as per Appendix-C.

E. Examination:

1. Theory

Number of paper - 01

Marks: 100

2. Practical including viva voce or oral

2.1. Marks: 100

2.2. Distribution of marks;

2.2.1. Experiments

Marks

15

2.2.2. Spotting

20

2.2.3. Maintenance of practical records or journal

10

Maintenance of herbarium record

05

Viva voce (oral)

50

Total

100

9. In the principal regulations, for regulation 7, the following regulation shall be substituted, namely:—

“7. First B.H.M.S examination.— (i) The student shall be admitted to the First B.H.M.S examination provided he has required attendance as per clause (iii) of regulation 13 to the satisfaction of the head of the college.

(ii) The First BHMS examination shall be held in the 12th month of admission.

(iii) The minimum number of hours for lecture, tutorial, demonstration or practical classes and seminars in the subjects shall be as under:—

Sl. No.	Subject	Theoretical lecture(in hours)	Practical or clinical or tutorial or seminars (in hours).
1.	Organon of Medicine with Homoeopathic Philosophy	35 (including 10 for logic)	
2.	Anatomy	200 (including 10 hours each for histology and embryology).	275 (including 30 on histology and embryology).
3.	Physiology	200 (including 50 hours for bio-chemistry)	275 hours (including 50 hours for Bio-chemistry).
4.	Pharmacy	100	70
5.	Homoeopathic Materia Medica	35	--

(iv) Full marks for each subject and the minimum number of marks required for passing the First B.H.M.S examination shall be as follows, namely:—

Subject	Written		Practical (including oral)		Total	
	full marks	pass marks	full marks	pass marks	full marks	pass marks
Homoeopathic Pharmacy	100	50	100	50	200	100
Anatomy	200	100	200	100	400	200
Physiology	200	100	200	100	400	200”.

10. In the principal regulations, after regulation 7, the following regulation shall be inserted, namely:—

“7A. Each college shall impart teaching and training to all the students in all the classes for theory and practical or clinical including tutorial and seminar for minimum of seven working hours on a working day (including thirty minutes of lunch).”.

11. In the principal regulations, for regulation 8, the following regulation shall be substituted, namely:—

“8. Second B.H.M.S examination.— Subject to the provisions of sub-clause (c) of clause (iii) of regulation 11, no candidate shall be admitted to the Second B.H.M.S examination unless he has passed the First B.H.M.S examination and has required attendance as per clause (iii) of regulation 13 to the satisfaction of the Head of the Homoeopathic Medical College.

(i) The Second BHMS examination shall be held in the 24th month of admission to First BHMS.

(ii) The minimum number of hours for lecture, demonstration or practical or clinical classes and seminar in the subjects shall be as follows, namely:—

Sl. No.	Subject	Theoretical lecture (in hours)	Practical or clinical or tutorial or seminar (in hours)
1.	Pathology	200	80
2.	Forensic Medicine and Toxicology	80	40
3.	Organon of Medicine with Homoeopathic Philosophy	160	60
4.	Homoeopathic Materia Medica	160	60
5.	Surgery	80	60 (One term of three months in surgical ward and outpatient department).
6.	Gynaecology and Obstetrics	40 and 40=80	60 (One term of three months in gynaecology and obstetrics ward and outpatient department).

(iv) In order to pass the Second B.H.M.S examination, a candidate has to pass all the subjects of examination.

(v) Full marks for each subject and minimum marks required for pass are as follows, namely:—

Subject	Written		Practical or clinical including oral		Total	
	Full marks	Pass marks	Full marks	Pass marks	Full marks	Pass marks
Pathology	200	100	100	50	300	150
Forensic medicine and toxicology	100	50	100	50	200	100
Homoeopathic materia medica	100	50	100	50	200	100
Organon of medicine	100	50	100	50	200	100".

12. In the principal regulations, for regulation 9, the following regulation shall be substituted, namely:-

"9. Third B.H.M.S examination.- Subject to the provisions of sub-clause (a) of clause (iii) of regulation 11, no candidate shall be admitted to the Third B.H.M.S examination unless he has passed the Second B.H.M.S examination and has required attendance as per clause (iii) of regulation 13 to the satisfaction of the Head of the Homoeopathic Medical College.

(ii) The Third B.H.M.S examination shall be held in the 36th month of admission to First B.H.M.S.

(iii) The minimum number of hours for lecture, demonstration or practical or clinical classes and seminar in the subjects shall be as follows, namely:—

Sl. No.	Subject	Theoretical lecture (in hours)	Practical or clinical or tutorial or seminars (in hours).
1.	Practice of medicine and Homoeopathic therapeutics	50} 75 25}	75 One term of three months each in outpatient department and inpatient department in different wards or department.
2.	Surgery including ENT Ophthalmology and Dental and Homoeopathic therapeutics	100} 150 50}	75 One term of three months each in surgical ward and outpatient department.
3.	Obstetrics and Gynaecology , Infant Care and Homoeopathic therapeutics	100} 150 50}	75 One term of three months gynaecology and obstetrics ward and outpatient department.
4.	Homoeopathic Materia Medica	100	75
5.	Organon of Medicine	100	75
6.	Repertory	50	25
7.	Community Medicine	35	15

(iv) In order to pass the Third B.H.M.S examination, a candidate has to pass all the subjects of examination.

(v) Full marks for each subject and minimum marks required for pass are as follows, namely:—

Subject	Written		Practical or clinical including oral		Total	
	Full marks	Pass marks	Full marks	Pass marks	Full marks	Pass marks
Surgery	200	100	200	100	400	200
Gynaecology and Obstetrics	200	100	200	100	400	200
Homoeopathic Materia Medica	100	50	100	50	200	100
Organon of Medicine	100	50	100	50	200	100".

13. In the principal regulations, for regulation 10, the following regulation shall be substituted, namely: —

“10. Fourth B.H.M.S examination.- Subject to the provisions of sub-clause (b) of clause (iii) of regulation 11, no candidate shall be admitted to the Fourth B.H.M.S examination unless he has passed the Third B.H.M.S examination and has required attendance as per clause (iii) of regulation 13 to the satisfaction of the Head of the Homoeopathic Medical College.

(ii) The Fourth BHMS examination shall be held in the 54th month of admission to First B.H.M.S.

(iii) The minimum number of hours for lecture, demonstration or practical or clinical classes and seminar in the subjects shall be as follows, namely: —

Subject	Theoretical lecture (in hours)	Practical or clinical or tutorial classes (in hours)
Practice of Medicine	120} 180 60}	One term of three months each in outpatient department and inpatient department respectively for case taking, analysis, evaluation and provisional prescription just for case presentation on ten cases per month.
Homoeopathic Materia Medica	180	
Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Philosophy	180	
Repertory	100	
Community Medicine	100	100

(iv) In order to pass the Third B.H.M.S examination, a candidate has to pass in all the subjects of examination.

(v) Full marks for each subject and minimum marks required for pass are as follows, namely: —

Subject	Written		Practical or clinical including oral		Total	
	Full marks	Pass marks	Full marks	Pass marks	Full marks	Pass marks
Practice of medicine	200	100	200	100	400	200
Homoeopathic materia medica	200	100	200	100	400	200
Organon of medicine with homoeopathic philosophy	200	100	100	50	300	150
Repertory	100	50	100	50	200	100
Community medicine	100	50	100	50	200	100”.

14. In the principal regulations, in regulation 11, -

(a) for clause (i), the following clause shall be substituted, namely: —

“(i) the examining body shall ensure that the results of the examination are published at the maximum within one month of the last date of examination so that students can complete the course in 5 ½ yrs. after admission.”;

(b) in clause (iii), for sub-clause (c), the sub-clause shall be substituted, namely: —

“(c) the candidate shall pass First B.H.M.S examination in all the subjects at least one term (six months) before he is allowed to appear in the Second B.H.M.S examination provided that he has passed in the subjects of anatomy and physiology (including Biochemistry) examinations two terms (twelve months) before he is allowed to appear in the Second B.H.M.S examination.”;

(c) for clause (iv), the following clause shall be substituted, namely: —

“(iv) a candidate who appears at First B.H.M.S examination, Second B.H.M.S examination, Third B.H.M.S examination or Fourth B.H.M.S examination but fails to pass in the subject or subjects shall be re-admitted to the next examination in the subject or subjects (theory and practical or clinical including oral or practical or clinical wherein he has failed);”;

(d) for clause (viii), the following shall be substituted, namely: —

“(viii) the University or examining authority shall have the discretion to award grace marks at the maximum to ten marks in total if a student fails in one or more subjects.”.

15. In the principal regulations, for regulation 12, the following regulation shall be substituted, namely: —

“12. Examiners.— (i) No person other than the holder of qualification prescribed for the teaching staff in the Homoeopathy Central Council (Minimum Standards Requirement of Homoeopathic Colleges and attached Hospitals) Regulations, 2013 (as amended from time to time) shall be appointed as an internal or external examiner or paper-setter or moderator for the B.H.M.S Degree Course:

Provided that, —

- (a) no such person shall be appointed as an examiner unless he has at least three years' continuous regular teaching experience in the subject concerned, gained in a degree level Homoeopathic Medical College.
- (b) internal examiners shall be appointed from amongst the teaching staff of the Homoeopathic Medical College to which the candidate or student belongs.

(ii) The criteria for appointing the Chairman or paper-setter or moderator shall be as follows, namely: —

(1) Chairman: Senior most person from amongst the examiners or paper-setters appointed for theory and oral or practical or clinical examinations shall be appointed as Chairman and the eligibility qualification for the Chairman shall be the same as for appointment of a Professor.

(2) Moderator: A Professor or Associate Professor or Reader shall be eligible to be appointed as moderator:

Provided that an Assistant Professor or Lecturer with five years experience as an examiner; shall be eligible to be appointed as moderator.

(3) Paper-setter: A Professor or Associate Professor or Reader shall be appointed as a paper-setter:

Provided that an Assistant Professor or Lecturer with three years experience as an examiner shall be eligible to be appointed as Paper-setter. ”.

16. In the principal regulations, in regulation 13,—

(a) for clause (iii) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

“(iii) seventy five per cent attendance at the minimum in each of the subjects (in theory and practical including clinical) for appearing in the University examinations shall be compulsory”;

(b) for clauses (vii) and (viii), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:-

“(vii) There shall be a regular examination and a supplementary examination in a year and the supplementary examination shall be conducted within two months of declaration of results (including issue of mark sheets);

(viii) For non-appearance in an examination for any reason, a candidate shall not have any liberty for availing additional chance to appear in that examination.”.

17. In the principal regulations, in regulation 14, for clause (v) the following clause shall be substituted, namely: —

“(v) Migration or transfer of students from one college to another:

- (a) Migration from one college to other is not a right of a student.
- (b) Migration of students from the Homoeopathic College to another Homoeopathic College in India shall be considered by the Central Council of Homoeopathy only in exceptional cases on extreme compassionate grounds, provided following criterias are fulfilled. Routine migrations on other grounds shall not be allowed;
- (c) Both the college, i.e. one at which the student is studying at present and one to which migration is sought are recognised as per provisions of Homoeopathy Central Council Act.
- (d) The applicant shall have passed First B.H.M.S examination.
- (e) The applicant shall submit his application in the Format annexed below for migration, complete in all respects, to the principal of his college within a period of one month of passing (declaration of result) the first professional Bachelor of Homoeopathic Medicine and Surgery (B.H.M.S) examination.
- (f) The applicant shall submit an affidavit stating that he shall pursue twelve months of prescribed study before appearing at second professional B.H.M.S examination at the transferee college, which shall be duly certified by the Registrar of the concerned University in which he is seeking transfer and the transfer shall be effective only after receipt of the affidavit.
- (g) Migration during internship training shall be allowed on extreme compassionate grounds, provided that such migration shall be allowed only with the mutual consent of the concerned Colleges, where both the college, i.e. one at which the student is studying at present and one to which migration is sought are recognised as per provisions of Homoeopathy Central Council Act.

Note 1:

(A) All applications for migration shall be referred to Central Council of Homoeopathy by college authorities. No institution or University shall allow migrations directly without the approval of the Central Council.

(B) The Central Council of Homoeopathy reserves the right not to entertain any application except under the following compassionate grounds, namely:—

- (i) death of a supporting guardian;
- (ii) illness of candidate causing disability supported by medical grounds certified by a recognised hospital;
- (iii) disturbed conditions as declared by concerned Government in the area where the college is situated.

(C) A student applying for transfer on compassionate ground shall apply in 'Format 1' in complete manner with requisite documents.

18. In the principal regulations, in Annexure 'A', -

- (a) in paragraph 1, sub-paragraph (v) shall be omitted;
- (b) in paragraph 2,-

(a) for sub-paragraph (ii), the following sub-paragraph shall be substituted, namely: —

“(ii) (a) The stress during the internship training shall be on case taking, analysis and evaluation of symptoms, nosological and miasmatic diagnosis, totality of symptoms, repertorisation and management of sick people based on principles of Homoeopathy;

(b) The Principal or Head of the College in consultation with heads of concerned clinical departments (including Organon of Medicine, Materia Medica and Repertory) shall make medical units having integration of teaching faculty of concerned departments to regulate internship training to be given to each student;

(c) Weekly seminars shall be conducted wherein interns in rotation be given a chance to present their cases for discussion and concerned teachers shall assess performance of each of interns;

(d) Resident Medical Officer shall co-ordinate with teachers concerned in conduct of weekly seminars.

(b) sub-paragraph (viii) shall be omitted.

19. In the principal regulations, after Annexure 'A', the following Annexure and Format 1 shall respectively be inserted, namely:-

“Annexure -‘B’
(See regulation 6)
Educational Tour

Components:

Number of Students:

Name of teachers accompanying students:

What the tour is about- an overview:

Prerequisites –What knowledge the students must know before going for tour :

How it will be organised:

Approaches to teaching or learning and assessment:

Aim and objective:

1. To provide the basic knowledge of practical aspects of pharmacy/ FMT/ community medicine by exposure of students to pharmaceutical labs. and HPL/ district courts/ hospitals/ milk dairies/ PHC/ I.D. Hospitals/ industrial units/ sewage treatment plants/ water purification plants as the case may be.
2. To inspire students for their involvement in study during the said visits to learn the related procedures.
3. To provide the platform for evaluation of their skill and knowledge by interactive methodology.
4. To infuse confidence amongst students about homoeopathy, its future and their career.
5. To provide interaction between students, induce decision making skills and to motivate them for better vision about their future.
6. To improve cognitive skills (thinking and analysis).
7. To improve communication skills (personal and academic).

Learning outcomes:

1. To be more than a wish list objectives, need to be realistic, pragmatic, understandable and achievable.
 2. The focus should be on what students will be able to do or how they will show that they know, and how this will help in their career and individual growth.
 3. Knowledge we want the students to have by the end of the course.
 4. Skills we want the students to master by the end of the course.
 5. Attitudes we want students to demonstrate at the ends of the course.
- Note: It shall be an essential part of the Journal on the subject a viva- voice can be put in respect of it.

Resources

1. Essential and recommended text books.
2. Journals and other readings.
3. Equipment and apparatus.

Visit record

1. Places visited with photographs
2. Programmes organised during visit.
3. Summary.

Assignment or project report

1. Description of assignments.
2. Due dates of assignments.
3. Preparation method for the project report
 - (i) Purpose.
 - (ii) Schedule.
 - (iii) Places visited.
 - (iv) Details of visit.
 - (v) Summary of achievements or learnings.